

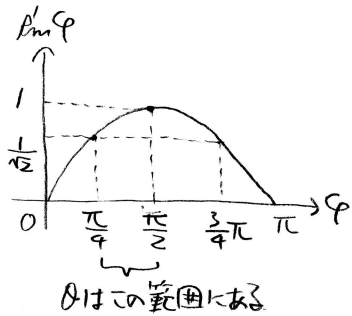
$$\int_0^x \cos t dt = [\sin t]_0^x = \sin x, \quad \int_0^x \sin t dt = [-\cos t]_0^x = -\cos x + 1$$

$$f(x) = \sin x + 2\cos x - 2 = \sqrt{5} \left(\sin x \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} + \cos x \cdot \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} \right) - 2 = \sqrt{5} \sin(x+\theta) - 2 \quad (0 < x < \frac{\pi}{4}) \text{ とする}$$

$$\theta \text{ は } \sin \theta = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}, \cos \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}, 0 \leq \theta < 2\pi \text{ を満たす値}$$

$$\sin \theta > 0, \cos \theta > 0 \text{ より } 0 < \theta < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} < \sin \theta = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{5}} > \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \sin \theta = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} < 1 \text{ より } \frac{\pi}{4} < \theta < \frac{\pi}{2}$$



左図より, $f(x)$ の最小値は $x=0$ のとき, または $x=\frac{\pi}{4}$ のとき.

$$f(0) = \sqrt{5} \sin \theta - 2 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} f\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) &= \sqrt{5} \sin\left(\theta + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) - 2 = \sqrt{5} \left(\sin \theta \cos \frac{\pi}{4} + \cos \theta \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \right) - 2 \\ &= \sqrt{5} \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) - 2 = \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} - 2 > 0. \end{aligned}$$

よって $f(x) > 0$ であるから 題意は示された.