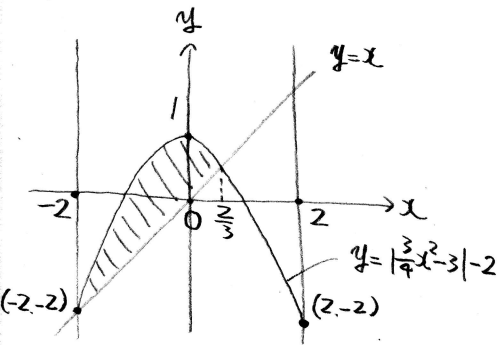


$\frac{3}{4}x^2 - 3 = 0$ のとき $x^2 = 4$, $x = \pm 2$. $|x| \leq 2$ のとき $|\frac{3}{4}x^2 - 3| - 2 = -\frac{3}{4}x^2 + 1$



左図の斜線部の面積を求めよ。

$$S = \int_{-2}^{\frac{2}{3}} (-\frac{3}{4}x^2 + 1 - x) dx$$

$$= [-\frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^2}{2} + x]_{-2}^{\frac{2}{3}} = -\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{8}{27} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{4}{9} + \frac{2}{3} - (-\frac{8}{4} - \frac{4}{2} - 2)$$

$$= -\frac{2}{27} - \frac{2}{9} + \frac{2}{3} + 2 = \frac{-2 - 6 + 18 + 54}{27} = \frac{64}{27}$$

* $-\frac{3}{4}x + 1 = x$ のとき

$3x^2 + 4x - 4 = 0$, $x = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4 + 12}}{3} = \frac{-2 \pm 4}{3} = -2, \frac{2}{3}$